

HOW CAN WE IMPROVE OUR NEIGHBOURHOOD?

TERESA CLARAMUNT SCHOOL (SABADELL)

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Generació Plurilingüe (GEP)

Year 2 2018-2019



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PROJECT PLANNING TEMPLATE for CLIL and Content-Rich Environments

Identification of the GEP project:

Title	How can we improve our neighbourhood?
Authorship	Lidia Garcia and Mireia Vera
School	Teresa Claramunt (Sabadell)
Students' CEFR Level (A1, A2)	Elementary
Grade	Year 6
Content area(s)	Values
Number of sessions (4, 6 or 9)	6
Teacher(s) involved	Lidia Garcia and Mireia Vera
Key words	Neighbourhood, helping, improvement, responsibility, design, cooperation.





1. OUR PROJECT

Introduction:

Our PBL project is related to the area of "Values". Students will have to work in groups in order to design an improvement for their neighbourhood. First of all, they will analyse the neighbourhood's situation taking photos and notes of all the things they consider to be relevant. Taking those things into account, they will have to choose the most necessary change to be carried out and they will design an improvement project. This will be presented through a creative final product because they will have to persuade an audience that will decide which is the best improvement project.

Driving question: How can we improve our neighbourhood?

Final product:

- Exhibition of the projects in the school's hall.
- The final products will be varied, but all of them will consist of an oral presentation to explain their neighbourhood improvements. Each group will decide whether to choose a poster, mock-up, a video, a digital presentation or any other tool.





	2. HOW DO YOU KNOW STUDENTS ARE					
2. GOALS	MAKING PROGRESS? (assessment criteria)					
	1.1. They define the strengths and weaknesses of the					
1. Analyse the neighbourhood (services, gardens,	neighbourhood.					
supermarket)	1.2. They write a list of possible improvements.					
2. Decide and justify an improvement for the neighbourhood.	2.1. They discuss and suggest reasonable ideas of change.					
	3.1. They plan a timing of the project.					
3. <u>Create</u> a plan to get the goal.	3.2. They follow this timing properly.					
	4.1. They accomplish the roles.					
4. Develop cooperative work values.	4.2. They respect all the opinions.					
	4.3. They participate actively in the development of the project.					
	5.1. They can explain their project orally in front of the families and					
5. Persuade the audience with the oral presentation.	classmates.					
	5.2. They use a creative final product to present their project.					





3. CURRICULUM CONNECTIONS SPECIFIC COMPETENCES AND KEY CONTENTS

Subject-mat	ter curriculum	Foreign language curriculum					
Specific Competences	ecific Competences Key Contents		Key Contents				
Competence 6: To adopt cooperative learning habits that promote personal compromise and cohabitation attitudes. Competence 7: To analyse the environment using their own criteria to search for alternative solutions.	 6.1Rules in cooperative work: common objectives, self-regulation of behaviour, roles establishment. 6.2 Responsible behaviour 7.1Steps in problem-solving: searching solutions and alternatives. 7.2 Relation with the environment :social and natural implications 	Competence 1: To obtain basic information and understand simple or adapted oral texts from everyday life. Competence 2: To plan and produce short oral texts, adequate to the communicative situation.	 1.1 Understanding and participation in social exchange situations 1.2 Identification of the vocabulary and the basic structures related to the topic 1.3 Communication rules in oral interaction: turns, tone of voice, respect towards others' opinions. 2.1 Oral or group presentations about their project, using printed or digital support 				
Competence 8: showing social compromise and service attitudes, especially in unfair situations.	8.1 Altruistic and solidary attitudes.	Competence 3: To orally interact according to the communicative situation, using basic conversational strategies.	 2.2 Fluency, pronunciation and intonation. 3.1 Production of adequate oral messages according to the communicative purpose. 3.2 Language functions: welcoming, explaining, thanking 4.1 Understanding of a descriptive written 				
		basic information and to understand basic or adapted texts about everyday life, from the media or the school context.	text. 4.2 Language support: written and digital.				





	Competences 7 and 8: To produce simple texts according to the communicative situation using some kind of support.	 7.1 Strategies for plannification: creating, selecting and organising ideas. 7.2 Production of a written text: a description. 8.1 Communicative text typologies: notes, posters, descriptions 8.2 Use of topic-related vocabulary with accurate spelling. 8.3 Use of dictionaries.
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4. 21 st CENTURY COMPETENCES						
Collaboration	X Information, media and technology					
Communication	X	Leadership & Responsibility	X			
Critical Thinking and Problem Solving	X	Initiative & Self-direction	X			
Creativity & Innovation	X	Social & Cross-cultural	X			
Others:						





5. KEY COMPETENCES						
Communicative, linguistic and audiovisual competence	X	X Digital competence				
Mathematical competence	thematical competence Social and civic competence		X			
Interaction with the physical world competence	X	Learning to learn competence	X			
Cultural & artistic competence	X	Personal initiative and entrepreneurship competence	х			

6. CONTENT (Knowledge and Skills)							
CONTENT-RELATED KNOWLEDGE	CONTENT-RELATED SKILLS						
 Types of implications: Stages in the problem solving process Social Implications in the environment The Weaknesses of the neighbourhood Types of volunteering 	 Analysing close context (reality) Explaining causes and effects of the current situation Defining a solution Designing and developing a work plan to solve the problem Justifying their proposals Persuading the audience 						





7. REFERENCES

8. COMMENTS (optional)

9. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS (optional)

We would like to thank Nunu for the video and her motivation to collaborate with us.

We are also grateful with the rest of the English teachers from the school, as they take part in the English commission and help us to improve day after day.





10. UNIT OVERVIEW													
Session	Activities	Timing	Timing Skills Interaction I		Interaction		Assessment						
		Ö	×										Q
	Surprise video!	5'	L	WG		Video							
	Order the images	10'	L, S	SG (pairs)	S-S								
	Creating groups	15'	S	SG (5-6	S-S								
1				students)									
I	Cooperative vs. non-cooperative	15'	R,S	SG	S-S, T-								
					S								
	Assessment chart (explanation +	15'	R, S, W	SG	SG S-S		Peer Assessment & Self-						
	assessment 1)						assessment						
	Roles definitions	10'	R, S	SG	T-S, S-								
					S								
	Choosing roles	10'	S	SG	S-S								
2	Cooperative reading: volunteering	15'	R	SG	S-S								
	Plickers quiz!	15'	R	SG/WG	T-S, S-	Plickers	Teacher assessment						
					S								
	Assessment 2	10'	R, S, W	SG	S-S		Peer Assessment & Self-						



							assessment
	Short Calgary video	5'	L	WG		Video	
	Neighbourhood's visit	45'	I, W	WG, SG			
	(neighbourhood improvements						
3	worksheet)						
	Assessment 3	10'	R,S, W	SG	S-S		Peer Assessment & Self-
							assessment
	Neighbourhood's visit feedback	10'	R, W, S	SG	S-S		Self-assessment checklist
	(revise and assess the						
	"Neighbourhood improvements						
4	worksheet)						
	Choosing changes	40'	S, W	SG	S-S		
	Assessment 4	10'	R, S, W	SG	S-S		Peer Assessment & Self-
							assessment
	Our project guideline	30'	R, W, S	SG	S-S		Peer Assessment & Self-
	Developing projects	30'	R, S, L, W, I	SG	S-S	Power point,	assessment
5						canva,	
						padlet	
	Assessment 5	10'	R, S, W	SG	S-S		Peer Assessment & Self-
							assessment





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	Developing projects	50'	R, S, L, W, I	SG	S-S	Power point,	
						canva,	
6						padlet	
	Assessment 6	10'	R, S, W	SG	S-S		Peer Assessment & Self-
							assessment
7	FINAL PRESENTATION	6 mins/group	S, L, I	S-world			





SESSION 1: Activating session

Objectives of the session:

- To activate students' motivation towards social implications.
- To develop cooperative work values. -
- To understand and get basic information from a simple listening.
- To understand the difference between "cooperative" and "non-cooperative" work. -

Content-obligatory language for the session:

- Words related to cooperative work, such as: responsibility, respectful, roles, creativity... -
- Vocabulary and structures related to peer-assessment: to respect, to use time adequately, to understand, to participate...

	Activities include : Name and description; Assessment tool (if any); Material (including language support)	Ö			
	Surprise video!	5'	L	WG	
1 1	Watching a video where Nunu (a friend of us) explains her personal experience as a volunteer.				
1.1	Students will watch it the first time without having an introduction of the topic, but as a warm-up				
	activity where they do not expect anything specifically. After watching the video for the first				





	time, we will have a little debate to check understanding and share ideas.				
	Order the images	10'	L, S	SG	
	While they watch the video the second time, students will work in pairs and they will have to put			(pa	
	the photos they will have been provided in order (according to the order they are mentioned in			irs),	
1.2	the video).			S-S	
1.2	After doing this, we will check that all students got the correct order and -finally- we will				
	introduce the driving question. "We have seen many ways of helping people, and sometimes we				
	don't need to travel far in order to do it, sometimes we can start by contributing in our own				
	neighbourhood's improvement. Sohow could we improve our neighbourhood?"				
	Creating groups	15'	S	SG	
	Once we have introduced the driving question, students will be told that they will have to be in			(5-6	
	groups in order to develop their neighbourhood improvement ideas. In order to make the			stu	
1.3	groups, we will allow them to choose a partner (or stay individually if they do not have a			de	
	preference). We will make the groups respecting the pairs created by the students and trying to			nts)	
	have balanced and heterogeneous groups. There will be 5 groups within each class. Since this			S-S	
	moment onwards, they will be working in cooperative groups in almost all the tasks.				
	Cooperative vs. non-cooperative	15'	R,S	SG,	
1.4	Students will already be in groups. But we will explain them that one of the most important things			S-S,	
1.4	about these groups is that they are cooperative. In order to understand very well what			T-S	
	"cooperative means", we will show them two big circles: one for "cooperative work" and the				





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	other one for "non-cooperative work". Then, the groups will be given some words and they will				
	have to decide whether each word corresponds to one circle or the other.				
	Assessment chart (explanation + assessment 1)	15'	R, S,	SG,	
	Students will have to assess peer and self-assess themselves at the end of each session. For that		W	S-S	
	reason, each student will be given an "Assessment rubric" in A3. There, they will find all the				
	assessment criteria (not only for that particular session, but for all of them). This way, they will				
1.5	know what they will be asked to do in advance. The first day, we will explain them the rubric, as it				
1.5	is extremely important that they understand how they will be assessed. They will assess themselves				
	within the group. Each student will have his/her own rubric, but they will not "decide their mark				
	individually", as all the members of the group will vote for each assessment criteria of each of the				
	members (so the student being assessed will also be able to vote, but the final mark for each				
	item or assessment criteria will be the one decided by the majority).				





	SESSION 2: What's volunteering?					
	Objectives of the session: - To develop cooperative work values. - To understand the cooperative roles' tasks. - To understand a simple written text (roles definitions and adapted text).					
	 Content-obligatory language for the session: Roles vocabulary: secretary, spokesperson, material responsible, manager and coordinator. Vocabulary and structures related to volunteer work: skills, field, available, to gain experience 		nfiden	ce, cv	· · · ·	
	Activities	Š	X			Q
	Roles definitions	10'	R, S	SG,		
	As the groups will be created on the first session, we will tell them that an important requirement			T-S,		
1.1	to work in cooperative groups is to have roles.			S-S		
1.1	We will stick on the walls the names of the roles we have decided (secretary, material					
	responsible, spokesperson, manager and coordinator), and we will give each group the roles'					
	definitions. They will have to stick the definition under the name they think that corresponds to it.					
	Choosing roles	10'	S	SG,		
1.2	After the first activity of the session, we will make sure that the students have understood the			S-S		
	roles, and it will be the turn for them to choose their roles (and write them down in their					





	assessment rubrics, as one of the assessment criteria to be assessed every day is "I have carried				
	out my role's tasks")				
	Cooperative reading: volunteering	15'	R	SG	
	Reading in groups about volunteering. Each group will have a printed document with the			S-S	
1.3	language support on the table and the two teachers will be passing around the groups to check				
	understanding. The students have to make sure they understand the text because they will have				
	to participate in a Plickers activity related to it.				
	Plickers quiz!	15'	R	SG/	
	Reading comprehension (and assessment) individual activity. Students will take part in this			WG	
1.4	activity individually, so they must have made sure they understand the text previously read			T-S,	
	commenting it with the members of their group. Each student will be given a Plickers code to			S-S	
	answer the questions.				
	Assessment 2	10'	R, S,	SG,	
1.5	Assessment within the cooperative group members according to the assessment criteria from the		W	S-S	
	rubric.				





	SESSION 3: Neighbourhood's visit				
	 Objectives of the session: To analyse the neighbourhood (services, gardens, supermarkets) To develop cooperative work values. To understand a short video related to volunteering. To develop cohabitation values: to act (and move) respectfully around the quartier. To produce a short written text where they express their suggestions. 				
	Content-obligatory language for the session: - Verbs: help, plant, clean, give, teach, change, paint, create, build, design - Structures: "We want to" and "we would like to"				
	Activities	Ś	₹ S		Q
1.1	Short Calgary video As a warm-up activity, we will watch a very short video related to volunteering and getting neighbourhood implications.	5'	L	WG	
	Neighbourhood's visit (Neighbourhood improvements worksheet)	45'	I, W	WG	
	We will visit our neighbourhood in small groups (each two groups will be accompanied by an			,	
1.2	adult). During the visit, the groups will have a map of the zone and a worksheet to write down			SG	
	the observations. They must look for things they don't like and they think that could be improved,				
	in order to develop an improvement project.				



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	Assessment 3	10'	R,S,	SG	S-S	
1.3	Assessment within the cooperative group members according to the assessment criteria from the		W			
	rubric.					





	SESSION 4: Choosing changes/improvements					
	 Objectives of the session: To decide and justify an improvement for the neighbourhood. To develop cooperative work values. To plan and produce a short oral text (explaining their observations). To produce an analytical short text defining "problem, solution and action". 					
	 Content-obligatory language for the session: Oral structures: "Our group wants to", "We want to" and "we would like tobecause Descriptive structures: "There is/are", "it is" Subjunctive structures: "we would", "we could" Structure in future: "we are going to" and "we will" 	"				
	Activities include : Name and description; Assessment tool (if any); Material (including language support)	٢	₹ S			0
	Neighbourhood's visit feedback	10'	W,	SG	S-S	
	Each group will have to revise the written observation worksheet they completed on the previous		S			
1.1	session (during the neighbourhood's visit) and make the required changes. Afterwards, they will					
	assess their own writing using a checklist provided. Finally, all the groups will explain their					
	observations to the rest of the class.					
1.2	Choosing changes	40'	S,	SG	S-S	
1.2	Once they have drained all the information from their observation worksheet, the groups will		W			



	have to decide which change is more important for them in order to develop a solution. To do					
	so, they will have to fill in a chart (as a brainstorming) answering: "What happens?, "What could					
	we do?"and "What are we going to do?". They will also be provided with a model already filled					
	in with ideas.					
	Assessment 4	10'	R, S,	SG	S-S	
1.3	Assessment within the cooperative group members according to the assessment criteria from the		W			
	rubric.					





	SESSIONS 5 and 6: Projects' development					
	Objectives of the session: - To develop cooperative work values. - To create a plan to get their goal. - To orally interact according to the communicative situation, using basic conversational strat	egies.				
	Content-obligatory language for the session:					
	Activities include : Name and description; Assessment tool (if any); Material (including language support)	ి	×			O.
	Our project guideline:	30'	R,	SG	S-S	
1.1	Students will fill in their project planning to start developing their project. To do so, they will have I		W,			
	language support through an "Interaction grid".		S			
	Projects' development	30'	R, S,	SG	S-S	
1.2	Development of the projects following the project guidelines. This includes a preparation of the	+ 1h	L,			
1.2	oral presentation, as students will have to present their projects to an audience through a		W, I			
	creative final product.					
	Assessment 5 and 6	10'	R, S,	SG	S-S	
1.3	Assessment within the cooperative group members according to the assessment criteria from the		L,			
	rubric.		W, I			





	SESSION 7: Projects presentations				
	Objectives of the session:				
	- To produce adequate oral messages.				
	- To persuade an audience through an oral presentation.				
	Content-obligatory language for the session:				
	 Structures for oral presentations (welcoming explaining and thanking), such as: welcome, f conclude Verbs related to improvements (introduced in previous sessions through a language support) 				١,
	grow		-		
	Activities	త	× X		O _k
	Oral presentation in front of the audience	6mins	S, L,	S-	
	In the projects' presentations, each group will have to persuade all the 6 th graders and their	/grou	I	wor	
	families to get voted "the best project". Nevertheless, there won't be only one winning project,	р		ld	
1.1	as voting will proceed as follows:				
	Each person attending the projects presentations will get 5 different "coins", and each coin will				
	represent 5 different qualities or "prizes": "the best project", "the best speech", "the most original				
	project",				
	Assessment 7				
1.2	Assessment within the cooperative group members according to the assessment criteria from the	10'	S-W	S-S	
	rubric.				











SESSION 1

ADJECTIVES RELATED TO COOPERATIVE or NON-COOPERATIVE WORK

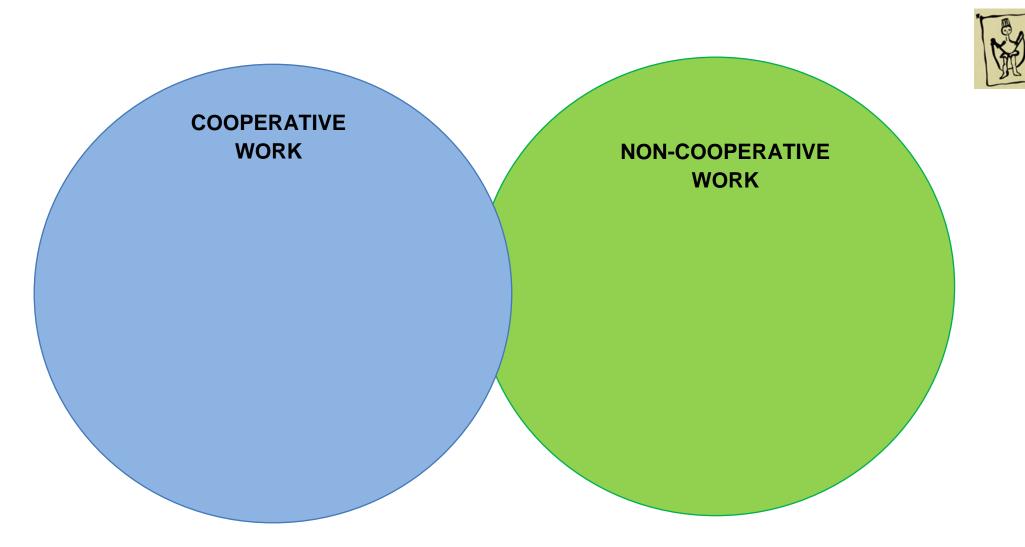


SILENT	COOPERATION
COMMUNICATION	CREATIVITY
TEAMWORK	RESPONSABILITY
ROLES	EFFORT
INDIVIDUAL	SELFISH
COMPETING	RESPECTFUL













SESSION 2 ROLES DEFINITIONS AND ROLES NAMES

COORDINATOR	 Encourages the members of the group to participate in all de tasks. Has a clear idea of what the group has to do. Makes sure everyone accomplishes his/her role tasks.
SPOKESPERSON	➤ Is in charge of expressing the ideas to the rest of the class. ➤ Helps the secretary in his/her tasks.
SECRETARY	Takes notes of all the decisions. Fills in the peer-evaluation part of the assessment rubrics.
MATERIAL RESPONSIBLE	 Keeps and is responsible of the group materials. Makes sure the group has all the material they need in order to implement the activities.







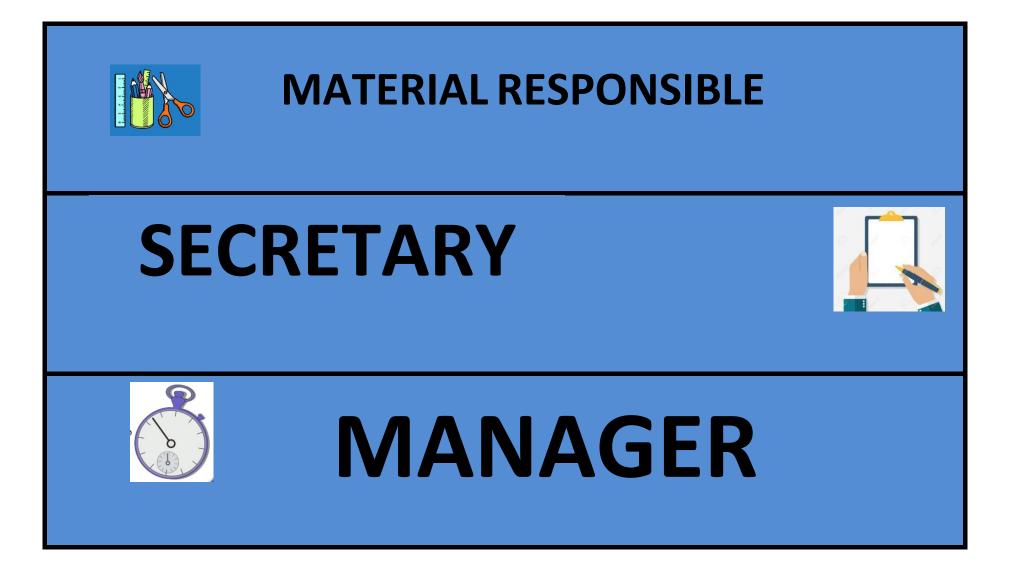
Makes sure that the work conditions and behaviour are appropriate. (Quiet voice, members listen to the instructions)
 Decides the timing of the activities and is responsible of the time.



SPOKESPERSON











2020

Group:

Date:

WHY IMPROVING OUR NEIGHBOURHOOD?

Volunteering is an excellent way to help everyone around you and yourself. It doesn't matter if you have a lot of time during the week or you only have some free time at the weekends, there will always be many volunteering opportunities available.

When deciding which opportunity is better for you, think about two things: First of all, make sure you will enjoy it. Secondly, consider if you are good at that and you can really help on that field. There are some roles that will require specific skills, but this shouldn't always stop you from participating, as many organisations will help you develop your skills and it could also be a good opportunity for you to train in areas where you have no previous knowledge.

The benefits of volunteering and how it can help yourself

Volunteering has a positive impact in different skills, as: communication, problem-solving, time-management and understanding real-world problems.

It is also beneficial as it can give you the chance to learn more about yourself, increase your **confidence** and is a great way to show responsibility.

Another important benefit for you as a volunteer is that you gain relevant experience for your CV and a variety of real-life examples to use at a job interview. When -in the future- you want to apply for a job, employers will consider volunteering as valuable as paid work and this means that it will be as valid on your CV.

Community

Volunteering is also a chance to meet new people and make new friends. Find out more about the community where you live/study.

As well as the benefits that volunteering can have for you personally, it can also have a positive impact on the local community.

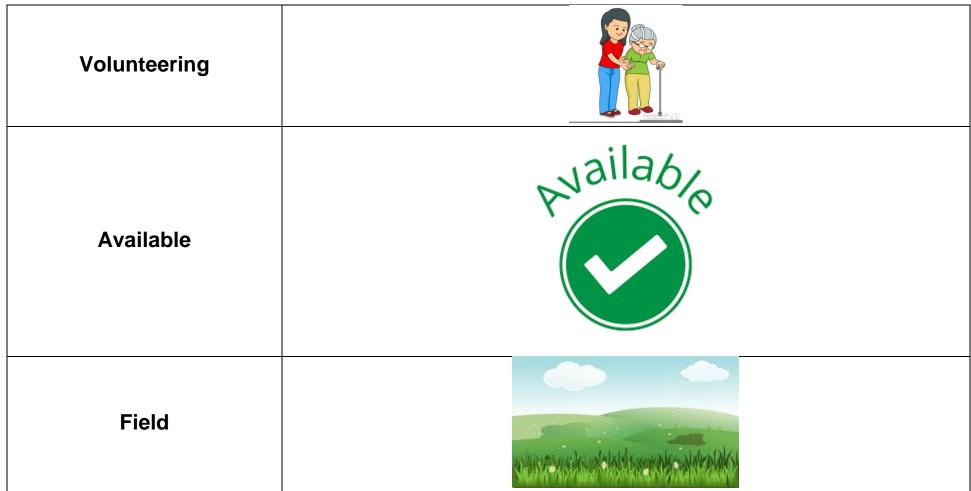
Adapted text from: <u>https://student.reading.ac.uk/essentials/_opportunities/volunteering/why-volunteer.aspx</u>







LANGUAGE SUPPORT FOR THE READING







Skills	COMPETENCE COMPETENCE COMPETENCE COMPETENCE COMPETENCE LEARNING KNOWLEDGE
Knowledge	KNOWledge
Confidence	

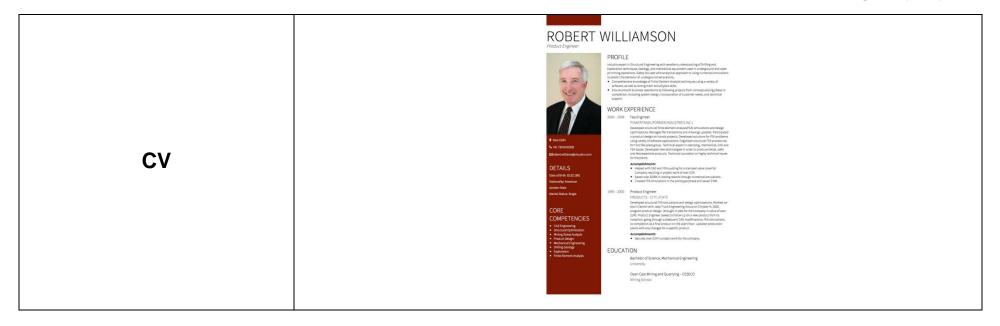




Gain	COCEURO COLORADO
Apply for a job	
Employers	











Date:



SESSION 3

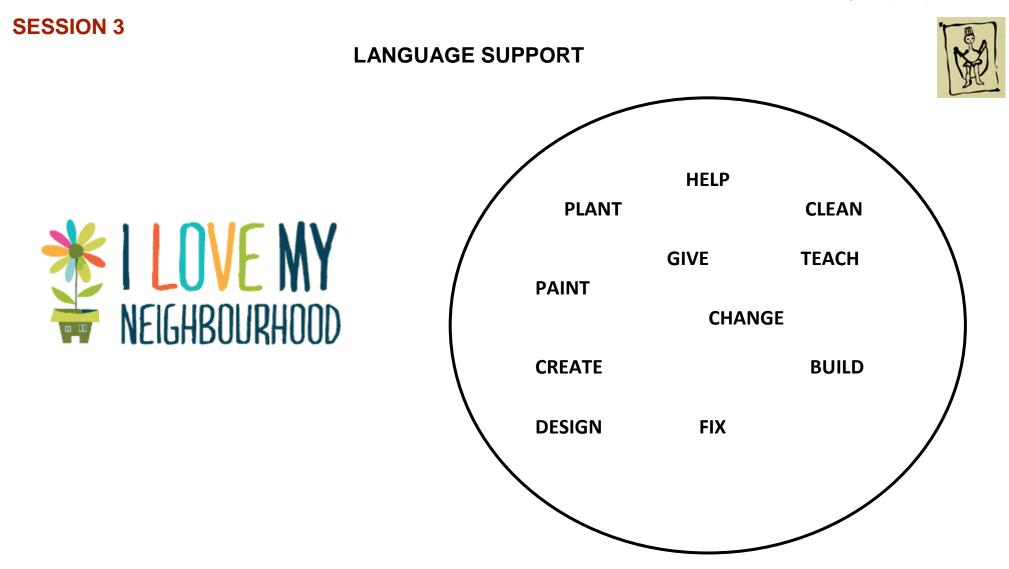
NEIGHBOURHOOD IMPROVEMENTS

With the rest of your group, make a list of possible improvements in our neighbourhood.

- > EX: We want to plant more trees in our neighbourhood.
- > EX: We would like to paint the wall next to our school.





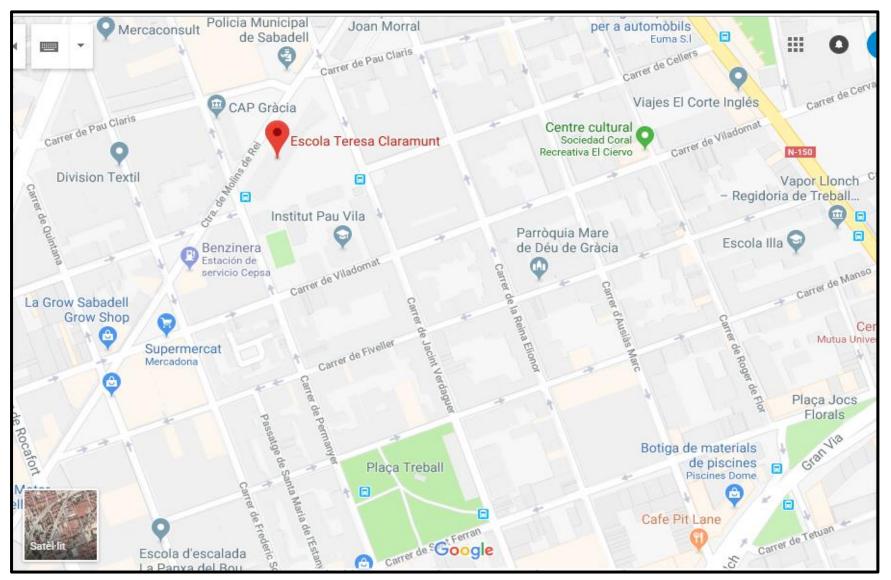


http://www.calgary.ca/CSPS/CNS/Pages/Strong-Neighbourhoods/Strong-Neighbourhoods-Initiative.aspx





SESSION 3



VISIT THE NEIGHBOURHOOD





SESSION 4

Names:

WRITING CHECKLIST: "Neighbourhood improvements"

According to the text you have written, decide if you must write a \checkmark or a \succ

 \Box The text is focused on the topic.

□ The text includes more than 4 words or expressions worked in class related to the topic.

 \Box The text has less than 5 spelling or grammar mistakes.

□ Capitalization and punctuation are correct.

□ The text is well presented (readable handwriting, clean and nice presentation)

 \Box All the team members have participated in the task







CHOOSING CHANGES

WHAT HAPPENS? PROBLEM	WHAT COULD WE DO? SOLUTION	WHAT ARE WE GOING TO DO? ACTION





LANGUAGE SUPPORT MODEL

WHAT HAPPENS? PROBLEM	WHAT COULD WE DO? SOLUTION	WHAT ARE WE GOING TO DO? ACTION
THE WALL IS	WE COULD PAINT	WE ARE GOING TO
THERE IS	WE COULD PLANT	WE WILL
THERE AREN'T ANY	WE WOULD CLEAN	





Group members:

Date	•																												
Duic	•	 =	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=

OUR PROJECT GUIDELINE

GROUP MEMBERS:
PROBLEM:
OUR IMPROVEMENT PROJECT:
OUR FINAL PRODUCT:





SESSION 5 AND 6

USE TH		TO MAKE SENTENCES A	ND JUSTIFY YOUR F	PROJECT
I THINK	THE PARK			
WE THINK	THE STREET			USED TO
		NEEDS AN	BECAUSE	
IN MY OPINION	PEOPLE	IMPROVEMENT		IT'S DIRTY
IN OUR			BECAUSE IT	
OPINION	CHILDREN	NEED	IS	IT'S VERY DARK
I ALSO	OLD PEOPLE	DON'T NEED	SO THERE	MORE COLORS
THINK THAT			ARE	
	THE SQUARE			
Template adapted from CLIL-SI 20	15			ED Llengua i Educació
More information at: <u>http://grups</u>		0000		Llengua i Educació LANGUAGE AND EDUCATION



SESSION 5 : LANGUAGE SUPPORT FOR ORAL INTERACTIONS

 STRUCTURING SPEECH To start First of all To continue To finish 	 GIVING OPINION I think that I believe that I agree with you/her 	• DISAGREEING But don't you think that? I see what you mean but I don't agree with you because
 EXPRESSING DOUBT Well Maybe Possible I'm not sure about that. You may be right. 	• EXPRESSING NEW IDEAS Maybe we could I have an idea! We can What if we?	• ENCOURAGING This is fantastic! I love your idea! That's a good idea! We are a super team!
• EVALUATING It could be better. We need to improve it. That's a very good point.	• EXPRESSING DIFFICULTIES I don't know This is difficult for me. I don't remember.	 EMPHASISING A POINT It's important to remember that We should bear in mind that Don't forget that The key point is





SESSION 6

HOW TO PREPARE OUR ORAL PRESENTATION?

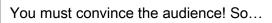
In order to prepare your project's oral presentation, you can follow this structure:

♦ OPENING

- Introduce yourselves: "We are....from 6th A."
- <u>Contextualize</u> "We are going to present a project that we have prepared...."
- ♦ BODY
- <u>The problem</u>
 - What the problem was. "We found out that..."
 - Why it was important. "It's important because..."
- <u>Your solution</u> "We decided....."
- ♦ CLOSING
- <u>Conclusion</u>: summary
- <u>Why they should vote you</u>. "You should vote us because...."

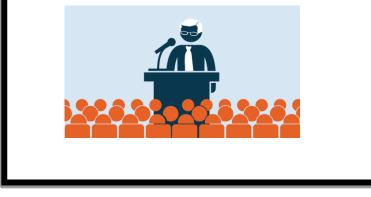






Remember!

- Your presentation must be WELL-ORGANISED.
- Your speech must be CLEAR and PRECISE.
- Use a clear tone of **VOICE**.
- Use appropriate BODY LANGUAGE.





ASSESSMENT RUBRIC: ALL SESSIONS

2nd TERM PROJECT			STUDENT: ROLE:								
GROUP:											
SESSIONS	L. 1	L. 2		L. 3	L. 4	L. 5	L. 6	L. 7	GLOBAL (students)	TEACHER	
COMMON OBJECTIVES											
1. To show RESPECT (Listen to the teacher and the											
classmates, respect the materials, maintain a quiet voice)											
2. To COOPERATE : help each other											
3. To use TIME adequately											
4. To accomplish the ROLE'S TASKS											
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES											
To listen to the video paying attention											
To actively participate in the listening activity (the order was correct)											





To understand the difference between "cooperative" and					
"non-cooperative"					
To understand the roles' tasks					
To assign the group roles respecting everybody					
To participate in the text's discussion.					
To understand the text (more than half of the Plickers' answers were correct).					
To listen to the video paying attention					
To have a positive attitude during the neighbourhood's visit (respectful, participative an quiet)					
To explain your observations accurately in the "neighbourhood improvements" worksheet					
To choose a neighbourhood improvement taking into account all the team members					
To present the change to the rest of the class accurately.					





i.

To listen and understand the other's suggestions										
To describe accurately your project using the "Project guideline"										
To prepare the actions to develop a solution										
To develop your project										
To prepare an oral presentation to explain the project (specifying YOUR solution/s) To present the project accurately (using good materials, explaining it with fluency, good pronunciation,										
memorisation)						EINIA	_ MARK			
NO= Not achi	eved YES=	Partially A	chieved	C = Compl	etely achi	eved				
NO (Not achieved) : 0 - 4,5 YES (More or less Achieved): 5 -7,5										
C (Completely Achieved): 8-10										



